# SELF LEARNING PACK



Grade 10 Term 1

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## Fun with reading

Dear students,

## (1) Let us read a story

#### Sewmi's Drums



Sewmi has a new set of drums. She likes playing the drums. She practices playing the drums all the time.

Her parents tell her, Sewmi, we are happy that you like the drums, but you can't play the drums all the time. There are other people in the apartment. There are other people in the building. There are other

people in the neighbourhood. They want to sleep sometimes!"



Her parents complain, her sister complains, the neighbours complain. Even the cat complains!

Ok!" Sewmi says, "I will be a good girl. I will do it more quietly." But this doesn't help much. No one can work, no one can rest, and no one can sleep.





One day, Sewmi comes home and sees her parents and her sister in the living room. She sees new instruments: a guitar, a trumpet, and a piano. Sewmi is very surprised! "Wow!" she says, "What is this?" "Well," her father answers, "We see that we can't beat you, so we decide to join you!"



#### Can you find nouns, verbs and adjectives from the story?

Nouns	Verbs	Adjectives
drums	likes	new

# (02) Shall we read a poem?

Wonderful world

I see plants of green

And flowers in colour

I tell myself

What a wonderful world it is!

I see skies of blue

And days very bright

Rainbows very colourful

And nights full of stars

I tell myself

What a wonderful world it is!

#### • Complete the sentences with the given words

stars/colour/bright/colourful

- 1. There are...... flowers everywhere
- 2. The sky is blue in.....
- 3. The days are.....
- 4. The sky is full of ......at night

#### (03) Read the given announcement

Attention please!

The Ruhunu Kumari train in platform 3, will leave from Beliatta to Galle at 6.30 a.m.

It will stop only at Weherahena, Matara, Unawatuna and Galle stations.

#### Write short answers

- 1. The train starts the journey from...... station
- 2. It will finally stop at..... station
- 3. Time of departure.....
- 4. It is in platform.....



Dear students, circle the matching star.

YES



NO



- (1) I can read and understand a story
- (2) I can read and understand a poem
- (3) I can read and understand an announcement

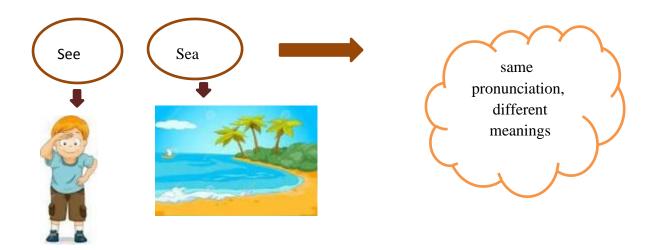




# Homophones

Dear students,

Read this sentence, "I can see the sea"



# (01) Read the given words, find meanings from the dictionary

right	write
dear	deer
sell	cell
son	sun
heal	heel
week	weak
hair	hare
sent	cent
blue	blew

# (02) Fill in the blanks with the words in the box

- night/knight
- ☆ knot/not
- ♣ hear/here
- tail/tale
- 骨 our/hour
- 1. Look at that ...knight ... on the horse. Travelling at ...night ... is very dangerous.
- 2. Did you write this fairy ...... by yourself? The dog is wagging its ..........
- 3. I can't untie this ...... Sama will ..... help us.
- 4. Please come...... I can't..... your voice.

#### (03) Match the words from the box

- 1. A hollow on the surface (b)
- 2. A passage inside the entrance ( )
- 4. Eaten as a vegetable ( )
- 5. Past participle of 'be' ( )
- 6. Existence ( )

- a) been
- b) hole
- c) bean
- d) being
- e) hall

### (04) Complete the dialogues

1. Janaka: Did you see our\_\_\_\_\_?Melan: Sorry, no. Can I know the \_\_\_\_\_of Economics?

principal/ principle

2. Sayuri: That cat has a puffy\_\_\_\_\_. Isn't it?

Vidva: Of course, my grandma knows a \_\_\_\_about a big cat.

tail/tale

3. Gayan: Let's \_\_\_\_\_tomorrow at the restaurant.

Nalin: Ok, I like that plate of.....

meat/meet

Dear students, circle the matching star.

YES



(1) I can pronounce words with different spellings.





(2) I can use homophones in sentences properly.





## Affixes

What is an affix?

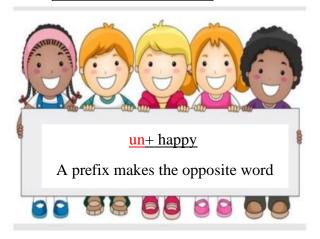
An affix is a letter or group of letters added to the beginning or end of a word to make a new word.

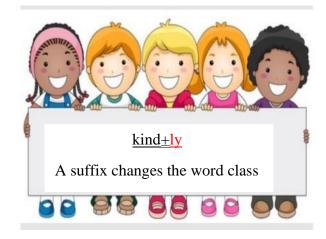
Affixes can be divided into two



Prefix is a letter or group of letters added at the beginning of a word.

Suffix is a letter or group of letters added at the end of the word.





Examples:

dis- disagree

un-unemployed

im- imposssible

il- illegal

ir-irregular

mis-misfortune

Examples:

ful-careful

ness- happiness

ship-friendship

ment- agreement

able- enjoyable

er/est- longer/longest

## (01) Write in the correct column

Happiness, disagree, disqualify, successful, misunderstand, replay, longest, unable, fearless, unlock, quickly, agreement, wonderful, illegal, unkind

Prefix	Suffix
disagree	happiness

Prefix	Suffix

# (02) Complete the blanks

able, im, ment, less, un, est, ly, il, dis, mis

1.	im possible	6. long
2.	care	7. develop
3.	employ	8 legal
4.	patient	9 advantage
5.	agree	10behave



# (03) Complete the sentences with affixes

- a) I saw a ..... (beauty) flower in the garden.
- b) Piduruthalagala is the..... (high) mountain in Sri Lanka.
- c) Nimal was ...... (happy) about his low results.
- d) He was walking.....(quick)
- e) I'm happy to see your..... (develop)

Dear students,

Circle the matching face. Can/ Yes

Can't/ No

(1) Now I know what affixes are.

(2) Now I can use affixes.

# Let's make adjectives.

What is an adjective?

We can divide adjectives into three groups.

It describes or modifies a noun or a pronoun.

# Adjectives of quality

- helpful
- lazy
- kind

# Adjectives of quantity

- some
- few
- all

# Adjectives of number

- five
- ten
- two

## 01. Fill in the blanks with the correct adjectives from the box.

Beautiful some five little lazy

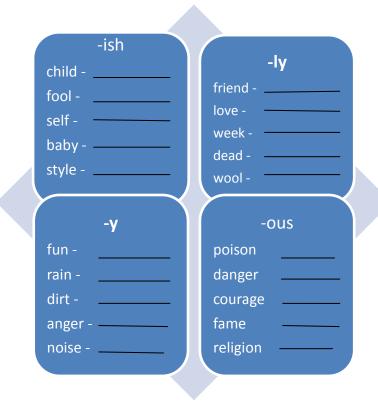
- 1. My brother never wakes up early. He is a very ..... boy.
- 2. May I drink ..... water?
- 3. He has only a ...... knowledge of this project.
- 4. Taniya is a ..... girl.
- 5. Mother bought ..... mangoes.

Adjectives can be formed by adding suffixes to noun or verbs

#### List of common suffixes that distinguish an adjective from other words.

suffix	Adjective
-able	comfortable
-al	historical
-ible	edible
-less	useless
-ish	childish/reddish
-ive	attractive
-ful	useful
-ous	dangerous
-y	sleepy

#### 02. Change these nouns to their adjectives by adding suffixes.



#### 02. Fill in the correct words with suffixes.

- 1. Look! This armchair is very <u>comfortable</u> (comfort)
- 2. My friend is a \_\_\_\_\_ (beauty) girl.
- 3. Your report was \_\_\_\_\_ (success)
- 4. Be \_\_\_\_\_ (care). It is slippery here.5. Mala is \_\_\_\_\_ (friend) and sociable.
- 6. This book is very \_\_\_\_\_(use) for my studies.

#### 03. Form adjectives using following suffixes and make 10 sentences using them.

(able /less/ful/ous/cal/al/y/ive)

Enjoy Person home snow harm count music create luxury remark

Dear students, Circle the matching face can/yes can't/no 1. I learnt three types of adjectives and its usage. 2. I learnt how to form adjectives by adding suffixes.

#### Let's learn collective nouns.

Refer to a set or group of people, animals, or things.

#### Collective Nouns for **people**

# Collective Nouns for animals and things





#### 01. Fill in the blanks with suitable words.

a) a heard of deer sheep
b) a bunch of stars
c) a galaxy of deer
d) a troupe of flowers
e) a fleet of ships
f) a flock of dancers

#### 02. Fill in the blanks with words from the word box.

choir	flock	team	crowd	group	box
	basket	comb	<del>pair</del>	army	

- 1. She gave me a <u>pair</u> of shoes.
- 2. The\_\_\_\_\_of sheep were in the valley.
- 3. The \_\_\_\_\_\_of crayons is in my bag.
- 4. The \_\_\_\_\_\_of people watched the cricket match.
- 5. Mother bought a \_\_\_\_\_ of banana from Sunday fair.
- 6. The \_\_\_\_\_ of soldiers were marched in line.
- 7. The \_\_\_\_\_\_of students were working.
- 8. There is a \_\_\_\_\_\_of fruits on the table.
- 9. The church \_\_\_\_\_ sang the carols.
- 10. His hockey \_\_\_\_\_ made it to the finals

	a flock of / a team of / a panel of / a crew of / a heard of
	elephants / sheep / <del>judges</del> / players /sailors
1.	A <u>panel of judges</u> faced difficulty in finding the first place.
2.	The president praised who won the medal in Olympics.
3.	The shepherd hasin his garden.
4.	The pirates killedand captured their ship.
5.	
— Dea	ar students,
Cir	cle the matching face can/yes can't/no
	1. I learnt collective nouns for people, animals and things.
	2. I learn to use collective nouns appropriately.

# Let's build up simple stories.

Dear students,

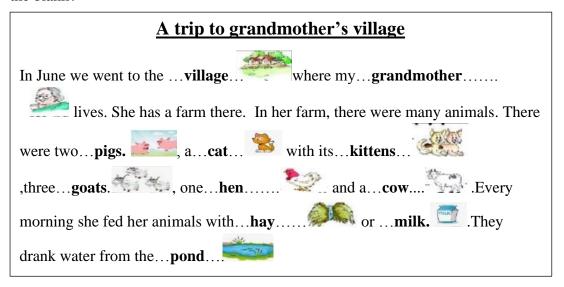




• Today we are going to build up simple stories using picture clues.

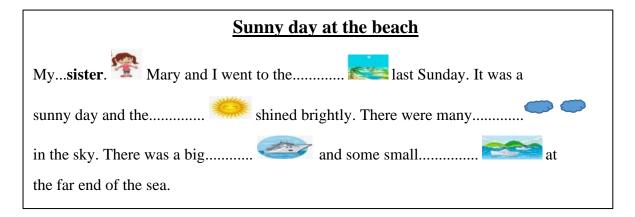
### Now look at the following story

In each blank of the given story there is a picture clue. What word can be written in the blank?



# (01) Fill the blanks of the following story with the help of the picture clues

sister, beach, clouds, ship, boats, ice-cream, light house, hut, sandcastle, sun



while playing in the beach. Mary and I rested under a..... for few minutes and again ran to the beach to make a..... near the sea. It was a wonderful day. On the way home we went to see a big.....

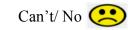
# (02) Complete the story with the words in the given box.

# **Naughty princess Zara** Once upon a time there was a beautiful princess called Zara. She lived in a beautiful..... She had several pets there. kingdom and her mother was the..... . Even though she was a princess she never wanted to wear..... always rejected to wear the valuable..... . Except them she always her beautifully crafted..... wanted to wear..... and queen were so worried about the behaviour of her. princess and they used to blame her all the time. squirrel, palace, dog, monkey, frocks, crown, queen, shirts, parrot, king, jewellery, trousers

Dear students.

Circle the matching face. Can/ Yes





Now I can build up simple stories by using picture clues.





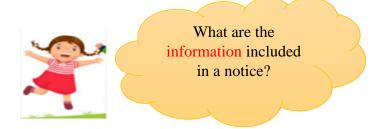
I enjoyed reading stories.





#### Let's find information from a notice.

Dear students,



• Read the given notice

#### **NOTICE**

The English Literary Association of Nalagama Maha Vidyalaya (Organizer) has organized an English day celebration (event) on 25th of October 2021(date) from 9a.m. to 2 p.m. (time) at the school main hall (venue). This is going to be held in order to motivate the students towards learn English Language (purpose). The chief guest will be the Zonal Director of Education Mr.Nalin Mannapperuma. (chief guest)

All the students, teachers and parents are invited! (Invitees)

20.06.2021 Secretary,

English Literary Association.

(Published date) (The person who has put up

The notice/ the convenor)

#### (01) Read the following notice and complete the grid

#### **NOTICE**

The Nature club of H/ Kannangara M.V. has organized a tree planting campaign in the school premises on the 10<sup>th</sup> of September 2021 from 9 a.m. to 12 p.m. This is going to be held in order to motivate the students towards protecting the nature. The chief guest will be the Director General of Central Environmental Authority.

All the students are invited!

25/06/2021 The secretary,

Nature Club.

Event	
Date	
Time	
Venue	
Chief Guest	
Organizer	
Invitees	
Convenor	
Date of publishing	

# (02) Read the following notice and underline the following information

Event, Date, Time, Purpose, Venue, Organizer, Invitees, Published date of the notice, Convenor

### **NOTICE**

The prefect board of H/ Sumana M.V. has organized a Shramadana Campaign in order to eradicate dengue menace at the school premises. This programme will be held on 14<sup>th</sup> of July 2021 from 8 a.m. to 12 p.m. at the school premises. Please bring necessary tools when you come.

All the prefects are invited!

20/05/2021 Head Prefect,

Sumana M.V.

Dear students,

Circle the matching face. Can/ Yes





Now I know how to extract important information from a notice.





Now I can find and write important information of a notice.

#### Let's transfer information into other forms.

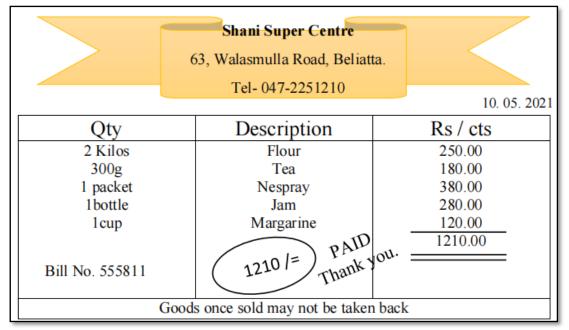
Dear children, today you are going to the supermarket.



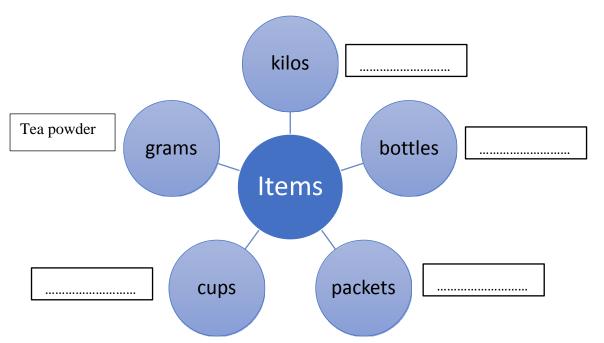
#### Let's write a list of items



Now, I'm going to show you a bill, study it and answer the questions.



### (01) Complete



### (02) Write short answers

- 1. The name of the shop is ...... Shani Super Centre.....
- 2. The shop is situated in.....
- 3. The date of the bill .....
- 4. The total amount of the bill is Rs.
- 5. The bill number is .....
- 6. items are in the bill.

Dear students,

Circle the matching face can/ yes



can't/ no

(1) I can understand basic information of a text.

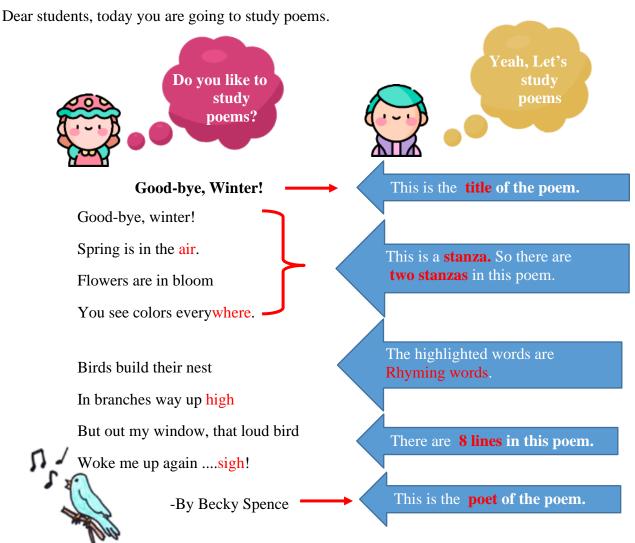


) (2

(2) I can answer the questions.







#### I Wonder

I wonder why the grass is green, And why the wind is never seen?

Who taught the birds to build a nest, And told the trees to take a rest?

O, when the moon is not quite round, Where can the missing bit be found?

Who lights the stars, when they blow out, And makes the lightning flash about?

Who paints the rainbow in the sky, And hangs the fluffy clouds so high?

Why is it now, do you suppose, That Dad won't tell me, if he knows?

-By Jeannie Kirby

### (01) Now, Fill the blanks.

Title	I Wonder	
Poet		
No. of Stanzas		
Rhyming Words	Green – Seen Nest – Round – Out – Sky –	



# **The Alien**

Was as round as the moon

Five legs he had

And his ears played a tune

His hair was pink

And his knees were green

He was the funniest thing I'd ever seen

As he danced in the door

Of his strange spacecraft

He looked at me

And laughed and laughed!

- By Julie Holder

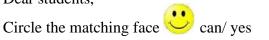
## (02) Underline the correct answer

- 1. The name of the poem is (a) The moon (b) The Alien.
- 2. The name of the poet is (a) Julie Holder (b) Jude Smith.
- 3. There are (a) fourteen (b) ten lines in the poem.
- 4. His hair was (a) purple (b) pink in colour.
- 5. His knees were (a) green (b) black in colour.
- 6. He was in his (a) house (b) spacecraft.

#### (03) Answer

1.	Who was as round as the moon?
2.	How many legs did he have?
3.	What are the parts of the body mentioned in the poem?
4.	Write a rhyming word for green
5	Write an adjective for spacecraft

Dear students,





(1) I learnt some poetic words.

(2) I can read and understand poems.





## Let's read simple texts.

#### Dear students,

Here are five paper advertisements. Read them.

- 1. Four bedroomed fully furnished house with spacious garden.

  Residential area.

  Contact: 2245678
- **2.** Book racks various sizes, writing tables, pantry cupboards for immediate sale. 67, Nawala Road, Rajagiriya
- **3.** Electrical taxi meters.12, Barnes Place, Colombo 7
- **4.** Daihatsu Hi-jet-H.U. manual blue colour mini van-highest offer. Contact :4352345





**5.** A Company Director needs an experienced driver. Tel. 223457665

# (01) Match the above advertisements with given headings.

- (a) Vacancy (5)
  (b) Furniture for sale ()
  (c) Vehicles for sale ()
  (d) Motor spares ()
- (e) House and property for sale (



# (02) Match the paragraphs with the sub- headings

#### **ROSA FROM MEXICO**

a. I am an elementary school teacher in a small rural town in the state of Talxacala in Mexico.I live in a farming village in a coastal area. The villagers of my village are hard

workers and cultivate vegetables, yams, tobacco and crops.

b. I am the eldest of five in my family. My father is a Potter and he works late night to earn for the family. He doesn't even take a break for his meals. My mother too cultivates the



necessary vegetables for the family needs and helps the earnings.

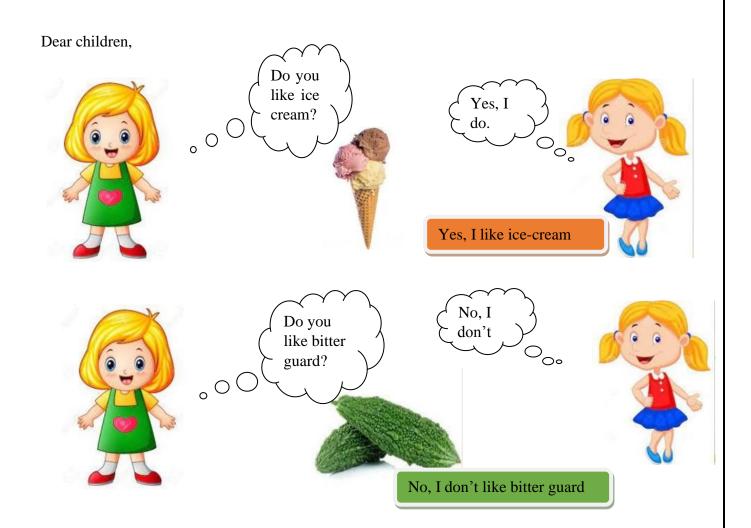
c. I left High School at the age of 19. Then I went to a teacher training college nearby Mexico city. After finishing the training course, I came back to Talaxcala. I began to teach at the Lazaro Elementary School. The children at this school are between the ages of 6 and 12. I teach a class of eight year\_-olds. I teach all the subjects from

Spanish to Mathematics.

- d. Talxacala is a rural area. So most children here don't go to Nursery School. Nursery schools for very young children are usually only in the bigger towns. After Elementary School the children can go on to a Secondary School. Then they can go to a high school, and from there to a technical school or even to a University if they pass all the exams.
- e. Most of the pupils in my classroom come from farming families. So they hardly fulfil their needs. Classes start at 8.00 a.m. and finish at 12.30 p.m. There is one hour for lunch. The pupils in my class like to study Spanish very much. There are a very few students who are talented at Music.

(03) Match the paragraphs with the sub-headings
A. Education in the country. d
B. Writer's education and job.
C. Students in her classroom.
D. Economical background of the family.
E. Where she lives
(04) Answer the questions
1) Who is the passage about?an elementary school teacher
2) Where does she live?
3) How old was she when she left school?
4) What training course did she follow?
5) Where is she working now?
Dear students,
Circle the matching face can/yes Can't/no
1) I can read and understand a simple text $\bigcirc$
2) Now, I know how to extract the general idea of a text.

## Let's learn how to guess the meaning.



# Read the Role play

Minura : Hello Kavindu did you go to the library yesterday?

Kavindu : *No I didn't* .why?

Minura : Can't you remember the assignment?

Kavindu : Oh! I totally forgot it. Did you collect data? Minura : *Yes, did I*. I love volleyball very much.

Kavindu : So do I. These days I'm busy with my debate competition.

Minura : So am I .But the dead line is the Friday. As you

are the leader of the group you will have to work a lot on it.

Kavindu : Yes, I'll try my best.

Minura : By the way my father is arranging a trip to Jaffna. Have you ever been to Jaffna?

Kavindu : *No, I haven't*. Can I join with you?

Minura :Yes, you can. You are warmly welcome!

Sometimes when speaking and writing,

we leave out some words to avoid

repetition.

No, I haven't=No, I haven't been to Jaffna

# (01) Read the dialogue and match the corresponding sentences

(A)

1.No I didn't

2.Yes, I did

3.So, do I

4.So am I

5.No, I haven't

(B)

I haven't been to Jaffna.

I'm busy too.

I collected the facts for the assignment.

I didn't go to the library yesterday.

I also love volleyball

# (02) Match the two parts of sentences.

A	В
I play cricket.	So am I
I am happy.	Yes, I do
Have you been to Kandy?	So, do I
Do you like apple?	No, I don't
Do you like pumpkin?	No, I haven't

# (03) Identify the function of the underlined phrases

1. A : I like pizza	
---------------------	--

B : So do I.

2. A : She likes cat.

B : So do I.

3. A : Her parents are very tolerant.

B: So are mine.

4. A : Mali didn't come to office yesterday.

B : <u>Neither did her sister</u>

5. A : I haven't read the story.

B : Neither have I.

6. A : Ann drives a car.

B: <u>Beena does too.</u>

1 I like pizza too
2
3
4
5
6

Dear students,

Circle the matching face





Can't/no

1) I can read and guess the implied ideas in utterances.



2) Now, I know how to expand the short implied ideas.



#### Let's learn idioms.

Dear children.

• Read the dialogues paying your attention to underlined phrases.

Saman: Shall we go to the playground in the

evening?

Nalin: That is a great idea. But it was <u>raining</u>

cats and dogs yesterday.

Saman: Look at the sky! It is clear.

Nalin: We can't predict about the weather.

Raining cats and dogs=Raining very

heavily



Janaka: How is Kasuni?

Sarala: She is <u>head over heels</u> with the boy next

door.

Janaka: What is he? Sarala: A driver Head over heels=in love



Nimali: Where do your grandparents live?

Shalika: Far away, in Kandy.

Nimali: How often do you visit them?

Shanika: very sad, only once in a blue moon.

Once in a blue moon=very rarely



Sama: Have you decided the topic for the

essay?

Radha: I'm still sitting on the fence.

Sama: Don't be late, deadline is tomorrow

Sit on the fence=without proper decision



#### (01) Match the following phrases with the idioms

- 1. An unbelievable tale
- 2. Two or more people agree to something
- 3. Happens very rarely
- 4. In love
- 5. When someone does not want to choose or make a decision
- 6. To share information that was previously concealed
- Let the cat out of the bag a.
- Once in a blue moon b.
- See eye to eye c.
- Sit on the fence d.
- Cock and the bull story e.
- f. Head over heels

Idioms are a language variety, tell something indirectly.

You can use them in essays, stories, speeches and dialogues

# (02) Underline the correct meaning



- 1. Our barber is always blowing his own trumpet (playing music/boasting/very happy)
- 2. They have difficulty seeing eye to eye (agreeing/talking/watching)

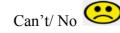
6

- 3. Official documents should keep in black and white (in filed/in writing/with photo copies)
- 4. Nihal was sitting on the fence when discussing (without decision/ with idea/ keeping silent)
- 5. We conduct our literary association once in a blue moon (every week/very often/very rarely)

Dear students.

Circle the matching face. Can/ Yes





(1) Now I know some idioms and their meanings.





(2) Now I can use them in my writing





# Let's organize a text.

Dear children,

• Before going to school







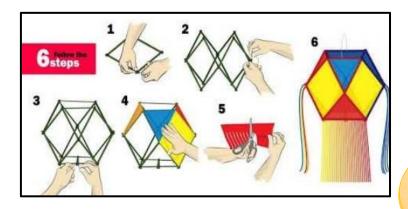






- 1. Get up in the morning
- 2. Brush the teeth and wash
- 3. Get ready
- 4. Take breakfast
- 5. Go to school

• Shall we make a Vesak lantern?

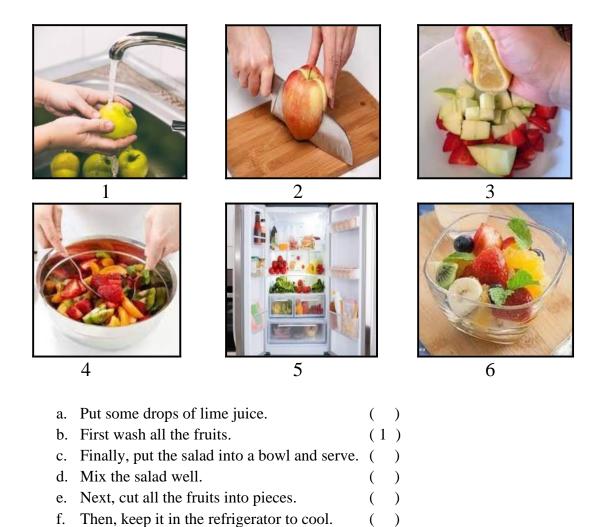


Sequence markers:

First, then, next, finally.....

- 1. First, take 24 pieces of bamboo sticks similar in size.
- 2. Then, tie four of them together to make squares. You can make six squares.
- 3. Next, tie all squares together.
- 4. Later, paste tissue papers.
- 5. At last, cut paper streamers and paste them to make the lantern beautiful.

#### (01) Now, make a fruit salad



#### (02) Complete

#### How squirrels make their houses

Dear students,
Circle the matching face Can/Yes Can't/No

1. I learnt to organize a text.

2. Now I know to use sequence markers.

# Let's construct present continuous passive voice sentences.

# 1. Here are the things that are happening at Ravi's place at the moment.

- 1. Mother is preparing tea.
- 2. Father is sweeping the compound.
- 3. Ravi is making a kite.
- 4. Sister is watering the plants.
- 5. The dog is chasing a cat.

# Can you find the correct passive form of these sentences? Write the correct letter in the box.

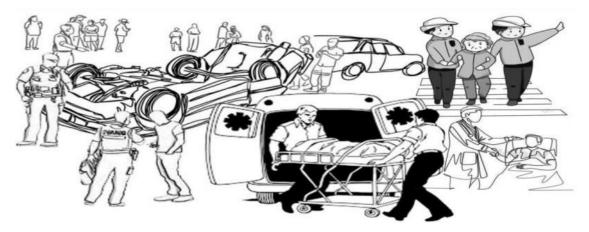
- (a) The plants are being watered by sister.
- (b) A cat is being chased by the dog.
- (c) The compound is being swept by father.
- (d) Tea is being prepared by mother.
- (e) A kite is being made by Ravi.

#### **Note**

	Subject	Verb	Object
<b>Active Voice</b>	Mother	is preparing	tea
Passive Voice	Tea	is being prepared	by mother
<b>Active Voice</b>	The boys	are painting	the chairs
<b>Passive Voice</b>	The chairs	are being painted	by the boys
<b>Active Voice</b>	My parents	are helping	me
<b>Passive Voice</b>	I	am being helped	by my parents

# The Present Continuous (Passive) describes an action that is in progress right now.

Subject + am / is / are + being + verb (past participle)

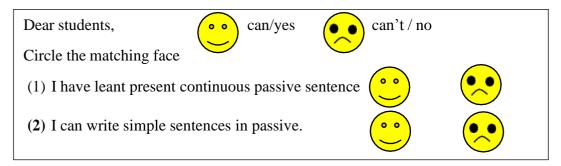


# 2. Look at the picture. Re-arrange the words to make meaningful sentences.

- 1. are being / by the police / checked / the vehicles
- 2. questioned / a man / by an officer / is being
- 3. carried / some people / in an ambulance / to hospital / are being
- 4. treated / by a doctor / an injured man / is being
- 5. helped / an old woman / by two boys / is being

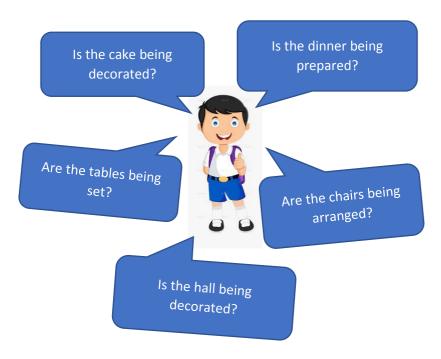
#### 3. Let's construct sentences in Present Continuous Tenses. (Passive Voice)

- A new library / build / in our school.
   E.g.: A new library is being built in our school.
- 2. Certificates / give away / by the principal
- 3. I / treat / at the national / hospital
- 4. The plants / water/ by the gardener
- 5. Free text books / distribute / among the school children
- 6. Experiments/ do / to find a vaccine for COVID-19



# **Present Continuous Passive Voice (Negative and Interrogative Forms)**

1. Ruwan is getting ready for his birthday party. He asked some questions from his mother.



# **Note**

# **Present Continuous (Passive)**

	Affirmative form  abject + am/ is/ are + being + verb (Past participle)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Negative form  abject + am/is/are + not being + verb (Past participle)
	Interrogative form m /is/are + subject + being + verb (Past participle)?

# 2. Complete the chart.

Affirmative	Negative	Question
The patients are being treated well.	The patients are not being treated well.	Are the patients being treated well?
The players are being cheered by the crowd.	The players cheered by the crowd.	Areby the crowd?
The guests are being welcomed at the entrance.	The guests	Are
I am being treated by Dr.Gamage.	Iby Dr. Gamage.	Am Iby Dr.Gamage?
The floor is being polished at the moment.		

# 3. Make questions.

- 1. the pictures/ draw/ by the children.
  - ★ Are the pictures being drawn by the children?
- 2. the garden/ clean/ at the moment.
- 3. the main hall/decorated/ for the prize giving.
- 4. the national flag/ hoist/ by the chief guest.
- 5. the report/ write/ by the secretary.
- 6. the bicycle/ ride / the boy.

Circle the matching face	$\bigcirc$	can/yes		can'	t/ no
(1) I have learnt Present Con-	tinuous	Passive form	n	$\bigcirc$	
(2) Now I can write negative	senten	ces and ask	questions	$\bigcirc$	

# Let's learn reported speech.

Dear children,

Today you are going to learn how to report what someone said.

Grade 10 students are planning to go on a trip. The following are the suggestions



# 1) Read.

- I. Sama said, "I like to visit Nuwara Eliya."
- II. Nipun said, "We visited Nuwara Eliya last month."
- III. Hirushi said, "We can visit Kandy."
- IV. Geeth said, "There are a lot of places to visit in Kandy."

This is Direct Speech. Here, we repeated what the speaker said using his/her exact words and quotation marks ("").

# Reported Speech – Rules

- Write the word "that" after the reporting verb, "said".
- Don't use quotation marks and commas.
- ♣ Change the verb in the Direct Speech into a corresponding past.

<u>Direct Speech</u>	Reported Speech
Can/will	Could/would
Simple Present	Simple Past
Present Continuous	Past Continuous
Simple Past	Past Perfect

Change the Pronouns and Possessive Adjectives from first and second person to third person.

I/You – He/She We/You – They my/your – his/her our/your – their/my

♣ The Adverbial clauses should be changed as follow.

Direct Speech	Reported Speech
now	then
today	that day
yesterday	the day before/ the previous day
tomorrow	the next day/ the following day
here	there
this/these	that/those
last week/month/year	the previous week/month/year
next week/month/year	the following week/month/year

Eg:

Direct Speech	Rama said, "I will buy a pen today."	
Reported Speech	Rama said that he would buy a pen that day.	

### 2) Match.

Direct Speech	Reported Speech
Sama said, "I like to visit Nuwara Eliya."	Hirushi said that they could visit Kandy.
Nipun said, "We visited Nuwara Eliya last month."	Geeth said that there were a lot of palces to visit in Kandy.
Hirushi said, "We can visit Kandy."	Sama said that she liked to visit Nuwara Eliya.
Geeth said, "There are a lot of places to visit in Kandy."	Nipun said that they had visited Nuwara Eliya the previous month.

# 3) Turn the following sentences into Reported Speech.

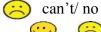
- John said, "I love this town." eg: <u>John said that he loved that town.</u> I.
- II. He said, "I can drive a lorry." -\_\_\_\_\_
- III. She said, "I like these songs." -\_\_\_\_\_
- IV. Tom said, "The film began at 2 p.m. yesterday." -\_\_\_\_\_
- V. They said, "We will come tomorrow." \_\_\_\_\_

# 4) Report what your mother said when you help her to cook.

Dear students,

Circle the matching face.





- (1) I can remember Reported Speech rules.
- Now I can turn Direct Speech to Reported Speech.



# Let's write short descriptions about people.

Dear children.

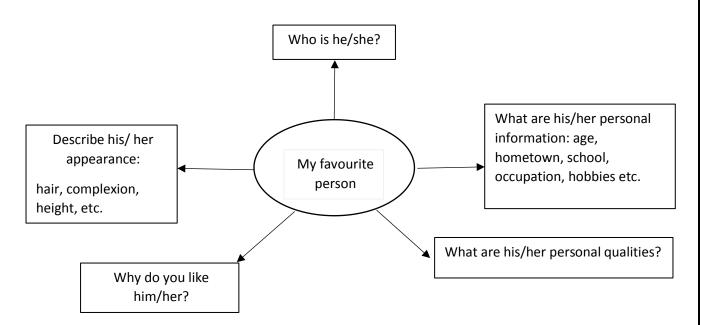
Today you are going to write short descriptions about people.

• It will be easier for you to build up a mind map before writing any description. So let's see how to create a mind map before writing a description.

Ex: Write a short description about "My favourite person"

• Let's create the mind map first.

## Mind Map

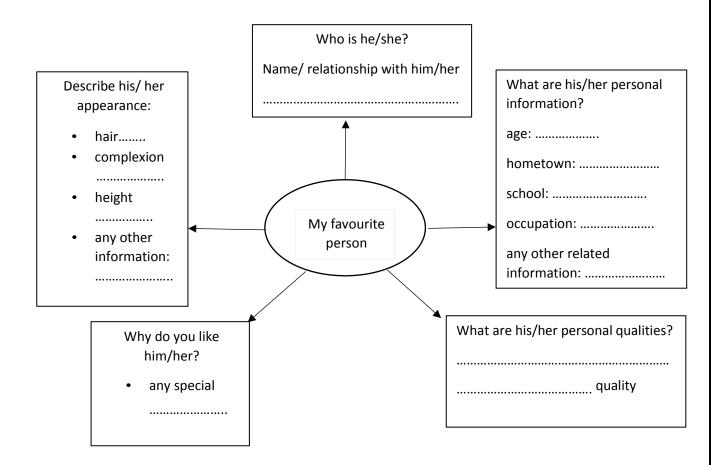


• Let's write the description:

## **My Favourite Person**

My favourite person is my best friend. She is Nisali Nimanda. She is 15 years old. She lives in Tangalle. Her school is H/Ruhunu Vijayaba National School. She is tall and fat. She has a long hair. She is very kind and intelligent. Her hobbies are reading story books and gardening. She has a wonderful collection of story books. She is a nature lover too. She helps me to do my studies well. I love her so much.

(02) Now fill the following mind map using the information about **your favourite person.** 



- (03) Now write a short description about your favourite person by using the above information.
- (04) Select one topic from the following list and write a short description about it. (If you like you can build up a mind map before writing the description [])
  - a) My class teacher
  - b) My best friend
  - c) My favourite actor/ actress
  - d) My favourite singer/dancer
  - e) My favourite sportsman

Dear students,

Circle the matching face. Can/ Yes Can't/ No

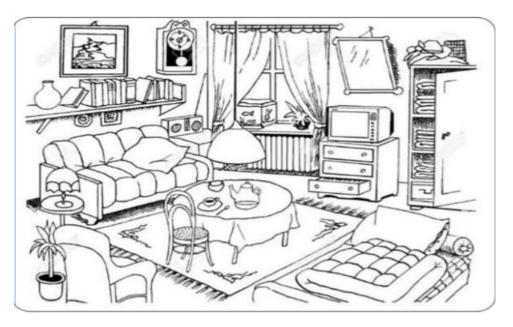
(1) Now I know how to build up short descriptions about people.

(2) Now I can build up and write descriptions about any person.

# Let's describe pictures.

### Dear students,

- Today we are going to describe pictures.
- 1. Now look at the following picture carefully. What can you see in the picture?



• Now read the following list of words and circle the things that you could find in the above picture.

telepho	one t	television
bottle	,	watch
pot	1	radio
pillow	1	basket
tree	1	fish tank
spoon	1	books
compu	ter	plate

Picture 1

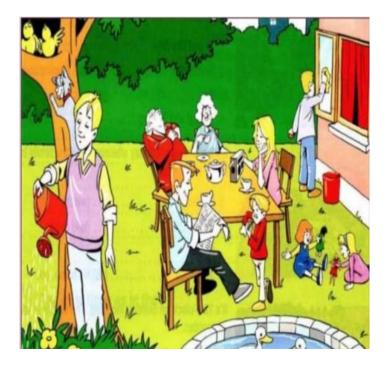


Picture 2



- This is a picture of a classroom. (...picture A....)
- This is a picture of a living room. (.....)
- One girl is watering the plants. (......)
- One girl is erasing the blackboard. (.....)
- One boy is sweeping the classroom. (.....)
- One boy is carrying some books. (.....)
- Two girls are arranging the book shelf. (.....)
- One girl is sweeping the floor. (.....)
- One boy is carrying a pot. (.....)
- One girl is cleaning the table top. (.....)

3. Now look at the picture given below and fill the given blanks in the following paragraph by using the words given in the box.



reading
cleaning
girls
birds
radio
table
climbing
watering
enjoying
family gathering

This is a picture of a (1)			Family mer	nbers are
around the (2)	The	man standi	ng near the	e tree is
(3) the p	lants. There are two	(4)	sitt	ing on the
tree. The man who is standing	g behind the table is (	(5)	the	e window.
Two (6)are	e playing with two	dolls. Moth	er is listeni	ng to the
(7)while fa	ther is (8)	a r	newspaper. 7	The cat is
(9) the tree	e. The family is (	10)		the
gathering very much.				

Dear students,

Circle the matching face. Can/ Yes

(1) Now I can build up and write simple sentences on a given picture.

(2) Now I know how to describe a picture properly.

#### Let's write a note.

Dear children,

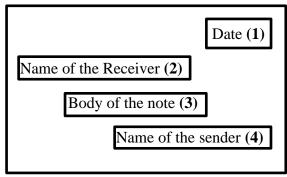
Today we are going to write a note.

#### (1) Answer

- 1. Do you write notes?
- 2. Why do you write notes?
- 3. When you write notes?

#### (2) Match

• Look at the format of the note and put the correct number in the box.



Nimali	
10.05.2021	
Dear Kasuni	
We are going to see the stage drama "Manam tomorrow. Bring Rs. 200 for the ticket	e"

#### What is a Note?

- A personal piece of writing.
- A short-written message.
- Written to friends, relatives or to someone you know.
- **NOT** a letter.

### **Important Facts**

- Date is **NOT** compulsory.
- Salutation is **NOT** compulsory.
- Use informal language.
- Simple and clear.
  - ear
- Simple and elean
- Body of

• To the point.

- the note
- Can use contracted forms. \_
- **AVOID** complementary close.

#### (3) Read and Write.

Read the following advertisement and complete the given note.



	10.0-2021
	10.05.2021
	Sureni,
	There is a good news. There'll be a (1) at (2), Tangalle. You can buy handbags (3) and You will get a 50%
	(4)
	Denudi.
<b>W</b>	rite You received the following note from your friend.
ſ	20.04.2021
	Ruwani, I am happy to hear that you have selected to the school netball team this year. Congratulation! I hope to visit you soon with my sister. Please let me know when I can visit
	you. Janaki.
٢	<ul> <li>Write a reply. Use about 40 – 50 words. Include following.</li> <li>Thanks for your friend.</li> <li>Suggested date for visit.</li> <li>Request him to come with his younger sister.</li> <li>Wish him success in his studies.</li> </ul>
	cle the matching face.  Can / Yes  Can't / No
1.	I know the format of a note.
2.	Now I can write a note to a friend.

# Let's write a poem.

Dear students,

Today, you are going to write a poem.

Rich and ripe and mellow.

# (1) Read the following poem and fill in the blanks using the given words.

elephants

A Strange World	60	ool wers
What a strange (1) world	-	orld
If (2) went to school!	fi	sh
And boys and girls,	tro	ees
Spent all day	teaching the comments of the Teaching comments	
Swimming in the (3)		
How strange if (4)	SMP .	
Could walk and talk,	AURYL	
And (5) could	SUBJUS	
Dance and sing.		The live
How strange if (6) could fly,	1-	
Oh! What a funny thing.		
on what a rainly taking		
(2) Fill in the blanks with the correct The Colours	t repetitions and w	rite the poem.
What is pink? A rose is pink.		
By the fountain's brink.		
What is? A poppy's red.	/	s give rhythm.
In its barley bed.	Rhyth you re	am is made when
blue? The sky is	you're	, pedi.
Where the clouds flutter through.		
? A swan is white	<b>e.</b>	
Sailing in the light.		
yellow? Pears are		

violet? Clouds are		
the summer twilight.		
nat is orange? Why, an		
t an orange!		
hristina Rosetti-		
(3) Complete the following poem using the give	n words	
Little Robot		7
I'm a little robot,		
Wires make me talk.		
(Repeat the 1 <sup>st</sup> line) Wires make me (walk)		
(Repeat the 1 <sup>st</sup> line)		
Wires make my (knees)		
(Repeat the 1 <sup>st</sup> line) (do my tasks)		
(20 )		
ar children,		
cle the matching face Can / Yes	Can't / No	
(1) I learnt how to complete a poem using the		
given words or clues.	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
(2) I can write a simple poem on a given theme		
	•	(%)

### Let's describe people.

Hello students, today you are going to write a paragraph about a famous Sri Lankan writer.

Do you like to read books? yes/no

What is your favourite book?.....

Name some Sri Lankan writers.....

Martin Wickramasinghe is a popular Sri Lankan writer. Let's see some information about him.











\*born in Koggala in 1890

\*passed away in 1976

\*formal education from Buonavista College, Galle

\*first novel – "Leela" (1914)

\*famous books- Kaliyugaya, Yuganthaya, Viragaya, Karuwala Gedara

\*showed the culture and life style of Sri Lankans

\*children's novel- Madol Doova

### (01) Shall we write a paragraph with given information?

Martin Wickramasinghe was a famous writer in Sri Lanka. He was born in Koggala in 1890.He started his education from the village temple. Then, he went to Bunavista College in Galle to start his formal education. His first novel was "Leela". It was published in 1924. Gamperaliya, Kaliyugaya, Yuganthaya and Wiragaya are some of his popular novels. He wrote children's novels too. "Madol Doova" is an interesting novel for children even today. Through the novels, he showed the culture and life style of Sri Lankans. This great writer passed away in 1976.

## (02) Let's write a similar paragraph on another writer

### T.B.Ilangarathne

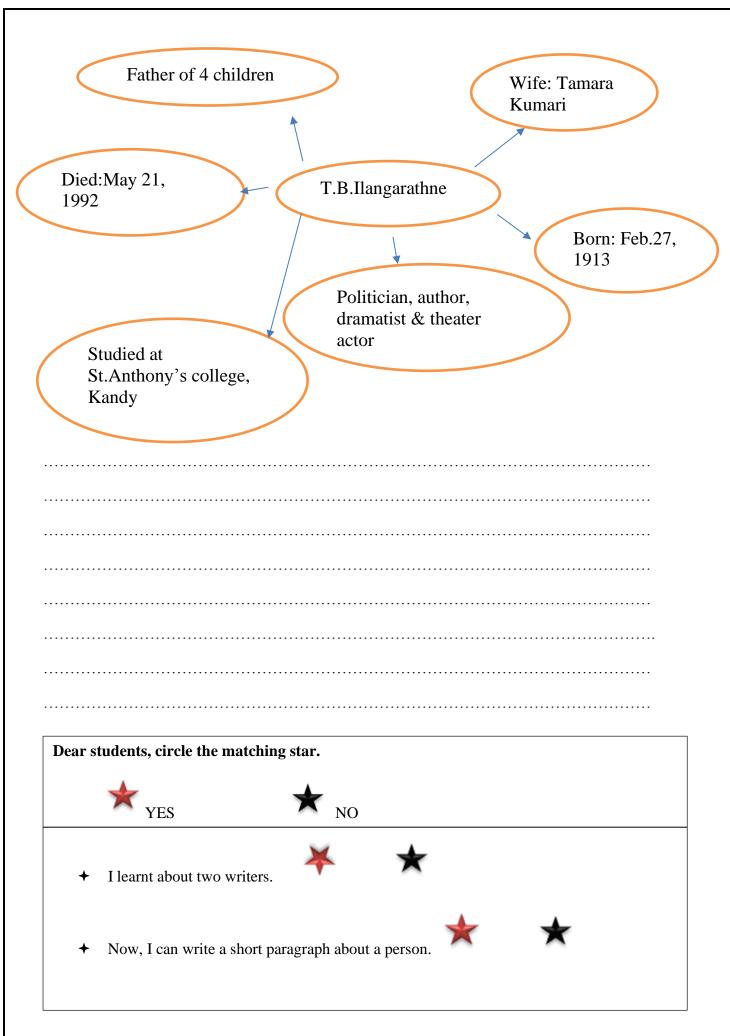












### Let's describe pictures.

Today you are going to learn, how to describe a picture. Can you remember you described pictures in grade 6, 7, 8 and 9?

Let's study the given example;



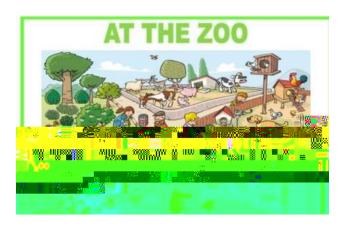
- 1. This is a picture of a living room.
- 2. There are five people in this picture.
- 3.Evan <u>is reading</u> a newspaper.
- 4. Grandma Sue is drinking a cup of tea.
- 5. The baby is playing with a ball.

Tense

Simple present or present

continuous

# (01) Mark " $\sqrt{}$ " or "X"



- 1. This is a picture of a zoo (.....)
- 2. There are 4 people in this picture (......)
- 3. There is a pond (.....)
- 4. There is a tree (.....)
- 5. Some boys are playing cricket (.....)

### (02) Answer the questions



- 1. What vehicles can you see here?.....
- 2. Where are the people?....
- 3. Why is a man running?.....

### (03) Fill in the blanks with the given words. There is an extra word.



food
aprons
children
spoons
eating
person
dining
chairs

This is a picture of i).....room. There are five ii)...... and a lady. All the There is another vii).....having meal over their table.

### (04) Study the picture and fill in the blanks. Use only one word in each blank



This is a picture of a kitchen. There are (1)..... people in the picture. The man is washing (2)..... There (3)..... sleeping on the floor. The old (4)..... and the little (5)..... are watching the others at work.

Dear students,

### Circle the matching face





Can't/No

1.I know how to write simple sentences.





2.Now I can describe a picture.





### Let's use question words to get information.

Here, you are going to learn how to use question words to get information. You have learnt WH questions in your earlier grades.









#### Let's see examples;

- How many books did you buy? Three
- Who is that man? He is our English teacher.
- Whose book is this? It's Shan's
- Why are they laughing? Because they're watching a comedy.
- Where is Piyal? He's over there.
- What did you give Nimali for her birthday? A book.
- How often does she visit you? Three times a month.
- When did you see him? Last Friday.
- Which colour do you like most? Red

### (01) Make questions using "When, How, Who, What, Why"

Ex:- Kamal is in the classroom – Where is Kamal?

01	They wanted to see <b>Grandmother</b> .	did they want to see?
02	She paid <b>Rs.1500.00</b>	much did she pay?
03	We had <b>noodles</b> for dinner.	did you have for dinner?
04	I played tennis last week.	did you play tennis?
05	I don't eat chicken, I'm a vegetarian.	don't you eat chicken?

## (02) Rearrange the words and make questions.

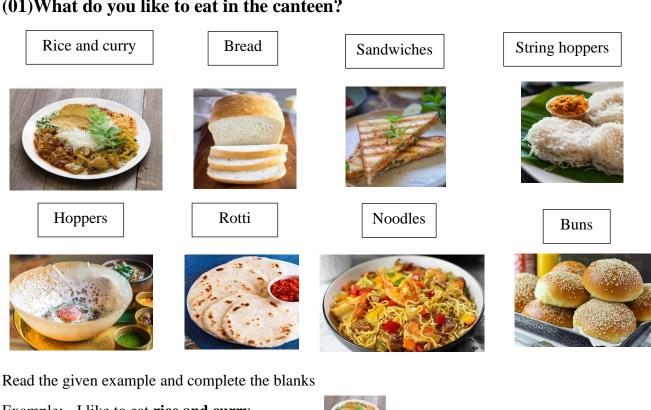
1.	( 1s/Where/school?/your)
2.	(she/When/paint/the house?/did)
3.	(Why/she/eat / sweets?/doesn't)

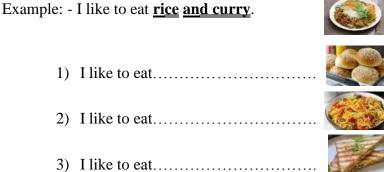
4.	(What/is/her/name?)		
5.	(are/Why/you/angry/with me?)		
(03) Ma	tch "A" with "B"		
	A		В
1.	How do you go to the temple?	With my mothe	er
2.	What is this?	It is on the tabl	
	Where is the pen?	It is a story boo	ok.
4.	With whom do you go the temple?	On foot	
(04) For	rm questions for the given answers		
1)		?	
I live in M	latara.		
2)			?
My best fi	riend is Sithuli.		
3)			?
My favour	rite subject is English.		
4)			?
Because c	eakes are tasty.		
5)			?
My birthd	ay is on Monday.		
Dear stud	lents,		
Circle the	e matching face		
	Can/Yes	Can't/No	
1.I know l	how to use WH questions in a sentence.	•	<u> </u>
2.Now I c	an do the activities which related to questio	n words.	

Lesson No. 24 Let's write simple dialogues.



# (01)What do you like to eat in the canteen?





4)	I like to eat	
5)	I like to eat	

## (02) Practice the dialogue

Waiter: Hello, Good morning sir!

Customer: Good morning!

Waiter: How can I help you sir?

Customer: I would like to have an egg hopper and four plain hoppers.

Waiter: Would you like something to drink?

Customer: May I have a cup of tea with little ginger, please?

Waiter: Certainly, anything else?

Customer: No, thank you.

Waiter: Ok sir. Just a few minutes.

### (03) Shall we write a similar dialogue?

(2) Now I can write a simple dialogue

Imagine that it happens when you to go to a restaurant and you want to order sandwiches with a cup of coffee.

You:	
Waiter:	
You:	
Waiter:	
You:	
Waiter:	pixtastock.com - 1
You:	
Waiter:	
You: I really enjoyed. Thank you!	
Waiter: You're welcome. Come again please.	
ar students,	
cle the matching face 🙂 can/ yes 🔑 can't/ no	
I learnt names of some food items	

### Let's describe future events and actions.

Dear students, today you are going to describe future events and actions.



### (01) Let's learn to how to describe future events.

You can use the following different structures to describe future events.

Simple Future Tense (Simple predictions)			
Subject + will + Verb			
I We	shall/ shall not	finish	The assignment
You They			tomorrow.
He She it	will/won't	go to the library	next week.

(Definite plan or arrangement in near future)				
Subject + be verb + going to + verb stem				
I	am			
We				
You	are	going	sit for my O/L	
They		to/not	exam	
Не		going to		
She	is			
it				

Future Continuous Tense (an action in progress in				
the future)				
Subject + be verb + ing				
I				
We				
You				
They	will	meeting	next week.	
Не	be/won't	a doctor		
She	be			
it				

### (03) Let's describe some future events and actions.









Construction of my house will be completed soon



My friend won't\_complete her project next week.

My friend won't be completing her project next week.

### (04) Make Simple future and Future continuous sentences.

Example: We/fly/kites/at the evening.

- a. We will fly kites in the evening.
- b. We will be flying kites in the evening.

1.	We/celebrate/ Vesak Festival.
2.	They/ sing /tonight.
3.	Father/ arrive/at 5'clock.
4.	He/travel/around the world.
5.	I/improve/my skills.

Dear students,

Circle the matching face can/ yes



- (1) I learnt to describe future events and actions. ...
- (2) Now I can write simple sentences.



### Let's make a simple telephone conversation.

Dear students, today we are going to make a simple telephone conversation.

Telephone conversations can be formal or informal.

### (01) Common phrases for Telephone conversations

Formal	Informal
Good morning!	Who is calling, please? Isthere?
This isspeaking	I can't hear you very well.
Could I speak toplease?	Just a minute/ wait a minute.
I'm trying to contact	Okay, wait a moment please.
How can I help you?	Hold on please. / if you don't mind, I
Can I leave a message please?	can pass your message
Thank you for calling.	Bye.

• Here, two friends are taking about their examination. Do loud reading.

Hello Amal, How do you do?



I 'm fine, thank you Ridmi. It seems that you are not well.



Actually I'm worrying about my examination. What about you?



Well, I am doing my studies well.



How do you get ready for difficult subjects?



I spend more time on them, as well I work according to a time-table





I think I too should plan my work

Surely. I forgot to tell you, do you listen to Ruhunu Gurugedara radio lessons?



Yes they are very useful



I'm trying my best to get 9 A s



I believe you can, good bye, will ring you again.



Ridmi study hard, you also can get good results. Bye for now.



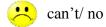
## (02) Let's complete the following telephone conversation

One of your friends invited you to a *Pirith* Ceremony.

Anusha: Hello, may I speak to Supi Supipi:	pi please.
Anusha: I'm fine. Thank you. I war	nt to tell you something.
Supipi:	
Anusha: We are going to hold a pir	ith ceremony tomorrow.
Anusha:	
Supipi: Definitely we will come An	usha. At what time will is start?
Anusha:	
Supipi : Ok, we will be at your place	e before 7'clock.Thank you for inviting us.
Anusha:	
Supipi : Bye dear.	I would like to invite you and your family for it.
	Around 7'clock in the evening.
	What is it?
	See you tomorrow. Bye

Dear students,

Circle the matching face can/ yes



- (1) I learnt phrases in a telephone conversation  $\rotage{0}$
- (2) Now I can build up a conversation



Yes speaking. How are you Anusha?